3.6	TABLE OF USES	R-4	R-3	R-2	R-1	B-1	M-1	VR-1	VB-1	VM-1	W-1
Α.	Residential Uses										
1.	Single family detached dwelling.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Х	S	Р	S	S	
2.	Two family dwelling.	S	S	Р	Р	SΧ	S	Р	S	S	
3.	Multi-family dwelling with a	Х	Х	S	Р	S P	Х	S	S	Х	
	maximum of eight (8) dwelling										
	units per building.										
4.	Manufactured Housing on	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
	individual lots.										
5.	Manufactured Housing Park,	X	S	S	S	Х	Х	S	Х	Х	
	Section IX.										
6.	Manufactured Housing	Р	Р	Р	Р	Х	Х	S	Х	X	
	subdivision, Section XI.										
7.	Congregate Care Housing	X	X	S	S	S P	X	S	S	X	
8.	Affordable Housing Option,	Х	Р	Р	Р	X P	Х	Р	Х	Х	
D	Section XVI.										$\widehat{\mathbf{x}}$
1.	Temporary Residential Uses Non-profit overnight and day	S	S	S	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Section XII Wetlands Conservation District (Overlay)
'-	camps and cottage colonies.	3	3	3	^	^	^	_ ^	^	^)ve
2.	Bed and Breakfast Home, Section	S	S	S	S	Р	Х	S	Р	Х) :
	III, paragraph 3.7.2 and 3.7.4.										rict
3.	Bed and Breakfast Inn, Section	S	S	S	S	Р	Х	S	Р	Х)ist
	III, paragraph 3.7.2 and 3.7.6.								-		n [
4.	Hotels, Motels, Inns.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Р	S	Х	Р	S	tio
C.	Outdoor/Recreational Uses										L/a
1.	Forestry, wildlife, timber	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	ıse
	preserves, reservoirs, and nature										Sor
	study areas, conservation areas) s
	and preserved or protected open										and
	space.		-							_	etla
2.	Public parks and playgrounds.	Р	P S	P S	P	Р	P	P	P X	P	Š
3.	Commercial riding stables and	S	S	S	Х	X P	Х	Х	X	Х	₽
4.	riding trails. Historic building or site open to	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	n >
4.	public.	Р									ctio
5.	Recreational camping/tenting	S	S	S	Х	XS	Х	X	Х	Х	Sec
٥.	parks and recreational camping				_ ^	A 0	_ ^	_ ^	_ ^	_ ^	0,
	vehicles.										
D.	Agricultural/Forestry Uses										
1.		Р	Р	Р	S	S	Р	S	S	Р	
	floriculture except a greenhouse										
	or stand for retail sale, including										
	customary accessory structures										
	and uses.					_					
2.	Farming including dairying,	Р	Р	Р	S	S	Р	S	S	Р	
	livestock, animal and poultry										
	raising, and crop production										
	including customary accessory										
2	structures and uses.	S	S	S	S	S P	Р	S	Р	Р	
3.	Year-round greenhouse or farm stand.	3	٥	3	٥	3 7	「	3	「	「	
	olanu.			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

3.6	TABLE OF USES	R-4	R-3	R-2	R-1	B-1	M-1	VR-1	VB-1	VM-1	W-1
D.	Agricultural/Forestry Uses										
4.	Tree farming and commercial timbering.	Р	Р	Р	S	S	S	S	S	S	
5.	Non-commercial harvesting of forest products.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
6.	Agricultural silage storage exceeding the maximum zone height.	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
7.	Primary Agriculture Solar Energy System, Section III.	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	
E.	Institutional Uses/Community F	acilitie	S		ı					ı	
1.	Private schools, nursery through college.	S	S	S	S	S	Х	S	S	Х	
2.	Public schools.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
3.	Childcare Daycare Nursery, Childcare Group Daycare Center, Childcare Preschool Program, and Childcare School- age Program, Section III, paragraph 3.7.7.	S	S	S	S	Ş P	S	S	P	P	Section XII Wetlands Conservation District (Overlay)
4.	Senior Citizen Centers	S	S	S	Р	Р	Χ	Р	Р	Х	tric
5.	Non-profit lodges, fraternal and membership organizations.	S	S	S	S	S P	Х	S	S	S	n Dis
6.	Museums, historical association or society.	S	S	Р	Р	Р	Х	Р	Р	S	rvatio
7.	Hospitals, clinics and nursing homes, convalescent homes and rehabilitation centers.	Х	Х	S	S	Р	Х	S	Р	Х	; Conse
8.	Place of worship including customary ancillary religious facilities.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Х	S	Р	Х	Vetlands
9.	Non-profit recreational facility.	S	S	Р	Р	Р	S	S	Р	S	^
10.	Non-profit country, hunting, fishing, tennis, or golf club without liquor license.	S	S	S	S	Ş₽	S	S	S	S	ction XI
11.	Municipal power plant, water filter plant, sewage treatment plant, refuse facility, or recycling facility.	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Se
	Cemetery.	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
13.	Public utilities except those listed in 3.6.E.11. See also 3.6.E.14.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	
14.	Buildings necessary for the furnishing of non-essential service by such public utility for the public health, safety and general welfare.	Х	Х	X	S	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	
15.	Town buildings, except garage and utilities, subject to Site Plan Review approval by the Planning Board.	S	S	Р	Р	Р	Х	S	Р	Х	

E. Institutional Uses/Community Facilities 16. Town equipment garage, subject to Site Plan Review approval by the Planning Board. 17. Essential Services as defined in paragraph 2.1.E.2. F. Commercial Uses 1. Retail Establishment. X X X P S X	X	X	
to Site Plan Review approval by the Planning Board. 17. Essential Services as defined in P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P			
paragraph 2.1.E.2. F. Commercial Uses 1. Retail Establishment.	Р	Р	
1. Retail Establishment. X X X X P S X		'	
	Р	S	
2. Business Offices. X X X X P P S	Р	Р	
3. Professional Offices. X X X S P P S	Р	Р	
4. Banks and Lending Institutions. X X X X P X X	Р	Х	
5. Restaurants. X X X X P S X	Р	S	
6. Drive-in Eating Establishments. X X X X S S X	Х	Х	
7. Lounge X X X X S S X	S	S	
8. Place of Entertainment, Section X X X X S S X III, paragraph 3.7.9.	S	S	\sim
9. Filling station, Service Station X X X X S S X (with or without convenience store).	S	S	Section XII Wetlands Conservation District (Overlay)
10. Motor vehicle dealership, repair X X X X S S X garage, body shop, paint shop.	X	S	strict
11. Veterinary hospital/kennel. S S S X X S X	Х	S	
12. Pet Grooming. X X X X P S X	Р	S	ion
13. Convenience store (without gas X X X S P S X pumps).	Р	S	ervat
14. Airports, heliports, runways, X X X X X S X control towers, administration buildings, hangers.	Х	Х	ds Cons
15. Indoor motion picture X X X X P X X establishment.	Р	Х	etland
16. Indoor and outdoor for profit X X X X S P S X recreation establishment or clubs.	S	S	M IIX u
17. Funeral home or parlor. X X S S S X S	S	Х	읥
18. Commercial parking lot/structure. X X X X P S X	Х	Х) ec
19. Beauty parlor, barber shop. X X X X P S S	Р	S] 0)
20. Uses, Adult, Section III, X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	S	Х	
	X	S	1
21. Self-Service Storage Facility.XXXXSPSX22. Commercial Solar Energy System, Section III.CCCCCCC	С	С	
G. Industrial Uses			1
1. Manufacturing, assembly, X X X X X S X	X	S	1
fabricating operations.		-	
Research and development X X X X P P S corporate and business offices.	Р	Р	
3. Warehousing and wholesaling. X X X X X P X	Х	S	1
4. Freight and trucking terminals. X X X X X X S X	X	X	1
Bulk storage and distribution of X X X X X P X goods, except fuels.	X	Р	
6. Bulk storage of fossil fuels. X X X X X S X	S	S	1

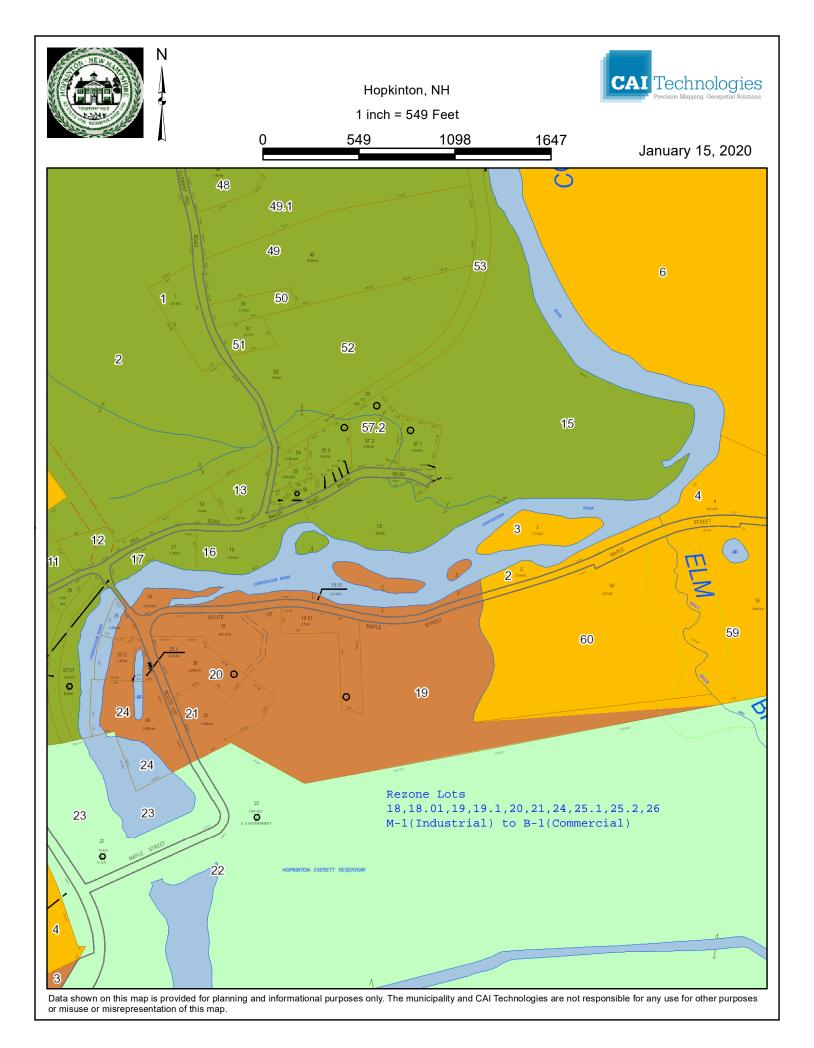
3.6	TABLE OF USES	R-4	R-3	R-2	R-1	B-1	M-1	VR-1	VB-1	VM-1	W-1
G.	Industrial Uses		l .		ı				l .	ı	
7.	Earth products removal subject	S	S	Χ	Х	Х	S	Х	Х	Х	
	to the provisions of Section XI.										
8.	Commercial sawmills.	Χ	Χ	Χ	X	Х	S	Х	Χ	S	
9.	Junk yards, recycling centers.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	
	Laundry <mark>,</mark> dry cleaning plant.	X	X	Х	X	S X	Р	Х	S	Р	
11.	Closed storage of raw	Х	Х	Х	Х	S	S	Х	Х	S	
	materials, finished goods or										
	construction equipment.										
	Accessory Uses										
1.	Accessory bldgs., such as	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
	private garage, playhouse,										
	woodshed, green-house, tool										
	shed, private swimming pool, or similar structures or										
	additions thereto, normally										$\overline{}$
	associated with a residence or										la)
	residential use, subject to										ver
	provisions of Section IV.										0
2.	Accessory private garage for	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	S	ict
	not more than three non-										istr
	commercial motor vehicles										٥
	and, except on a farm, not										ioi
	more than one half-ton rated or										vat
	less in size commercial motor										ser
	vehicles, subject to the										ons
_	provisions of Section IV.					_		_			Section XII Wetlands Conservation District (Overlay)
3.	Accessory storage of trailer,	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	S	spu
	unregistered automobile or										tlaı
	boat provided: It shall either be stored within a principal or										Ne
	accessory building or not less										=
	than 25 feet from any front lot										×
	line and 10 feet from any side										ijor
	lot line, and it shall not be used										ect
	for dwelling or sleeping										S
	purposes.										
4.	Recreational Tenting and	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	S	Р	Р	S	
	Recreational Camping Vehicles										
	of a visitor in accordance with										
	Section X, provided no										
	residential tenting and										
	recreational camping vehicles										
	are located on the property for										
_	greater than 60 days per year.		Х	Х	Х	Р	Х	Х	Р	Х	
5.	Accessory repair and storage facilities in any retail sales or	Х	^	^	^	"	^	^	"	^	
	consumer establishment										
	provided: It shall not occupy										
	more than 25 percent of the										
	gross floor area.										
<u> </u>	gross 11001 alta.		<u> </u>		l	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	l	

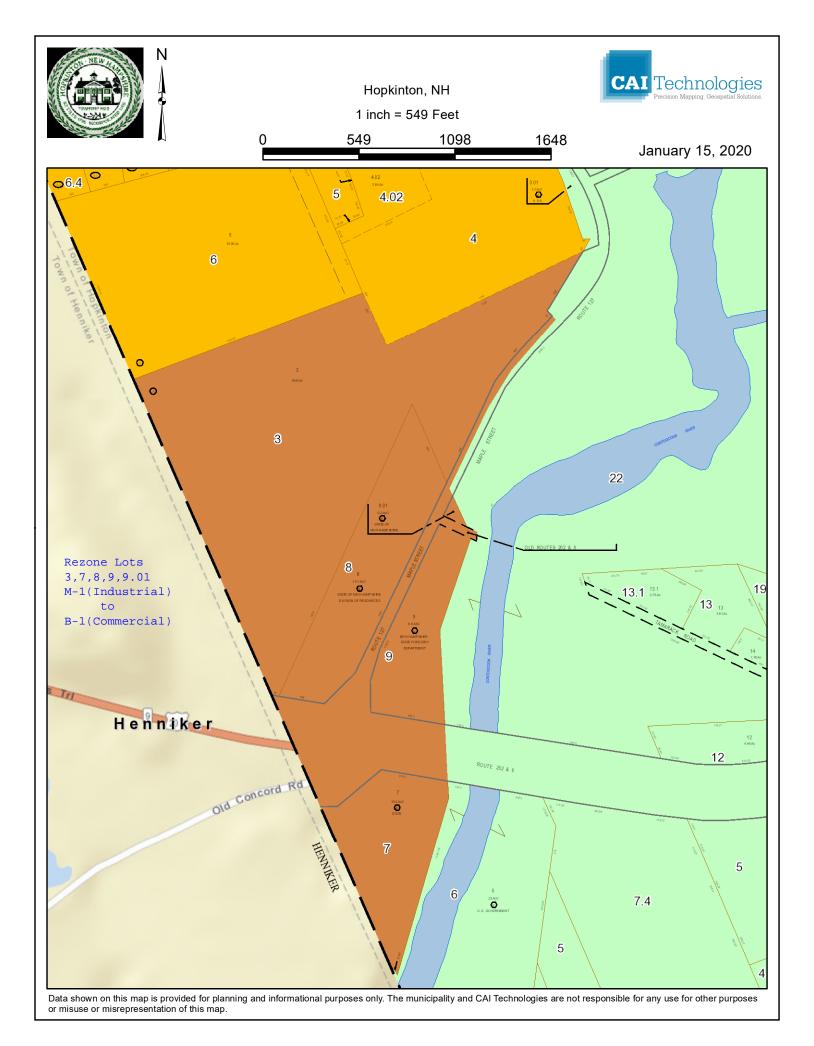
3.6	TABLE OF USES	R-4	R-3	R-2	R-1	B-1	M-1	VR-1	VB-1	VM-1	W-1
Н.	Accessory Uses										
6.	Accessory building for storage or outside storage clearly necessary to the operation and conduct, of a permitted principal wholesale, transportation, industrial and/or	Х	Х	Х	Х	S	S	Х	S	S	
7.	commercial use. Newsstand, barbershop, dining room or cafeteria and similar accessory services primarily for occupants or users thereof within a hotel, office, industrial building, hospital or transportation terminal facility.	X	X	S	S	Р	Р	S	Р	P	
8.	Accessory off-street parking loading spaces, Section VI.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	ay)
9.	Filling of water or wet area, Section XII.	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Overia
10.	Seasonal greenhouse or farm stand selling goods primarily raised on the premises.	S	S	S	S	S	Р	S	S	Р	istrict (C
11.	Construction trailer(s) for a construction project provided a permit is secured from the Board of Selectmen under conditions they may prescribe.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	onservation [
12.	Temporary housing as a result of an emergency situation provided a permit is secured from the Board of Selectmen under condition they may prescribe.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Section XII Wetlands Conservation District (Overlay)
13.	Childcare Family Home, Section III, paragraph 3.7.7.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	S	S	S	tion)
14.	Childcare Family Group Home, Section III, paragraph 3.7.7.	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Sec
15.	Small Wind Energy Systems, Section III, paragraph 3.11.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
16.	Home Business, Section III, paragraph 3.7.3, except for the VB-1 and VM-1 districts. Site Plan Review required in all districts.	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Р	Р	
17.	Home Occupation, Section III, paragraph 3.7.5.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
18.	Telecommuting, Section III, paragraph 3.7.5.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
19.	Accessory Dwelling Unit, Section III, paragraph 3.12.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Х	Р	Р	Р	Р	
20.	Accessory Residential Solar Energy System, Section III.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	

3.6 TABLE OF USES	R-4	R-3	R-2	R-1	B-1	M-1	VR-1	VB-1	VM-1	W-1
H. Accessory Uses										ls st
21. Accessory Agriculture Solar Energy System, Section III.	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Wetlanc n Distric ay)
22. Accessory Commercial Solar Energy System, Section III.	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	ion XII servatio (Overl
23. Shared Solar Energy System, Section III.	С	C	С	C	С	С	С	С	С	Secti

- **3.7 SPECIAL PROVISIONS** The following provisions shall apply, as appropriate, to the Table of Uses, Section 3.6, of this Ordinance.
 - **3.7.1 Other Provisions:** All uses permitted by right or by special exception are subject to all other pertinent provisions of this Ordinance.
 - **3.7.2 Special Exception:** All special exceptions are subject to the provisions of Section 15.8.2 of this Ordinance.
 - **3.7.3** Home Business: In addition to meeting the requirements of Section XV, paragraph 15.8.2, Special Exception, of this Ordinance, the applicant must agree to and demonstrate compliance with the following conditions in order to receive a special exception for a Home Business:
 - (a) The use shall be carried out entirely within the dwelling or an accessory building located on the same premises as the dwelling, subject to the area limitations set forth in Section II, paragraph 2.1.H.1.
 - (b) There shall be no display of goods or wares visible from the street.
 - (c) The dwelling or accessory building in which the Home Business is conducted shall not be rendered objectionable to the neighborhood because of exterior appearance, emission of odors, gas, smoke, dust, noise, electrical disturbance, hours of operation or in any other way.
 - (d) In a multi-family dwelling, the Home Business use shall in no way become objectionable or detrimental to any residential use within the multi-family dwelling. It shall include no features of design not customary in buildings for residential use.
 - (e) The use shall not create a traffic safety hazard, nor shall it result in a substantial increase in the level of traffic congestion in the vicinity of the dwelling.
 - (f) No outside storage of equipment will be allowed in connection with the Home Business.
 - (g) Any special exception for a Home Business (i) shall be nontransferable, (ii) shall be issued to the individual applicant(s) only, and (iii) shall automatically expire when such applicant(s) is no longer the resident owner(s) of the dwelling.

Not more than one commercial vehicle in connection with the Home Business shall be stored on the premises. Parking areas associated with or needed for the Home Business, if any, shall be effectively screened from abutting and facing residential properties by





- **19.1 DISTRICT CREATED AND AUTHORITY** There is hereby created an overlay zoning district, which shall be known as the "Commerce and Community Overlay District" (CCOD). The CCOD was created by the Town of Hopkinton on March 10, 2020, under the authority of the provisions of NH RSAs 674:16 and 674:21, Innovative Land Use Controls.
- **19.2 PURPOSE AND INTENT** The purpose of the Commerce and Community Overlay District is to provide an opportunity for a range of residential housing choices and small-scale neighborhood retail and services in a planned development that incorporates open space.
- **19.3 OBJECTIVES** The objectives of the Commerce and Community Overlay District are:
- (a) To promote the goals and objectives of the Hopkinton Master Plan;
- (b) To encourage a variety of housing choices that allows for age-friendly and multigenerational home ownership and rental opportunities that meet the affordability needs of all households that desire to live in Hopkinton while providing neighborhood conveniences, such as retail and services;
- (c) To introduce uses that will have positive long-term social and economic impacts;
- (d) To augment conventional underlying zoning and land use regulations where the modifications of use, dimensional, density and other requirements are appropriate;
- (e) To enable development that will be compatible with the surrounding site environment and neighborhood; and
- (f) To ensure that private development will be compatible and coordinated with public investment and improvements.
- **19.4 DISTRICT BOUNDARY** The property contained in the CCOD is located along Route 127 and Routes 202/9. The location and boundaries are hereby established and shown on a map titled "Zoning Map of Town of Hopkinton, New Hampshire".
- **19.5 PERMITTED USES** All uses permitted in the CCOD shall be those uses permitted in the underlying district as specified in Section 3.6, Use Regulations (Table of Uses).

In addition to the underlying permitted uses, the following uses may also be permitted.

- (a) Multi-family dwellings with a maximum of twenty-four (24) dwelling units per building.
- (b) Two-family dwelling units with no more than two (2) bedrooms per dwelling unit as part of a planned unit development.

- (c) Buildings containing between eight (8) and twenty-four (24) attached dwelling units shall not be required to provide direct access to the ground or have some living area at ground level.
- (d) Uses that are permitted by right or by special exception in the Table of Uses under Commercial Uses for the underlying zoning district.
- **19.6 DIMENSIONAL AND DENSITY** The underlying dimensional and density requirements outlined in Table 4.2 shall not apply to the development parcels located within the boundaries of the CCOD. Dimensional and density requirements shall instead be regulated by the following:
- (a) <u>Development Parcel Definition</u>: A parcel within the Commerce and Community District upon which a development proposal may be proposed and developed in accordance with this Section.
- (b) <u>Minimum Development Parcel Size</u>: The minimum development parcel gross area shall be 3 acres (130,680 square feet) for residential use; 1 acre (43,560 square feet) for non-residential uses.
- (c) Overall Size. The development parcel shall be of a minimum size to accommodate a minimum of nine (9) dwellings units subject to (d) and (e) below. The purpose of this restriction is to provide enough dwellings in a development to lend support to accompanying small-scale retail and to allow the town to better plan for and provide the increase in local services that accompanies population growth within a town, and to make a development financially feasible to undertake and construct by private developers.
- (d) <u>Base Figure:</u> The base figure to determine the number of dwelling units permitted on a development parcel shall be based on a density of three (3) dwelling units per developable acre.
- (e) <u>Development Parcel Lot Coverage</u>: The entire density permitted for a single development parcel within the CCOD must be located in seventy (70%) percent or less of the entire parcel available for development. The density may vary depending on soil conditions, suitability of on-site locations for septic systems and community water systems, wetlands, topography, and other features of the land. In no case shall the average density be lower than that of a conventional subdivision.

Buildings may be located on individual lots, or on common lots with more than one building on a lot, or a combination thereof. If more than one dwelling unit will be located on a lot, the ownership and management arrangements for that lot, and the units thereon, shall be detailed as part of the application, and those arrangements shall be submitted for approval by the Planning Board.

- (1) Lots and/or building envelopes shall be shown on the subdivision plan and shall be submitted for Planning Board approval.
- (2) Building height shall not exceed 50 feet.
- (3) Applicants are encouraged to vary lot sizes, lot dimensions, and the location of building envelopes and structures from the access road and from lot to lot within the development to retain natural vegetation; provide increased privacy for residents, and to increase the visual variety provided by the arrangement of buildings within the development.
- (4) Lots may be irregular in shape, provided they conform to the natural topography and features of the parcel (e.g., the lot lines follow an existing stone wall, stream, or other natural dividing feature).
- (f) Incentives for Density Bonuses Applicants under this Section who provide the Town with certain amenities, such as but not limited to, trails and trail connections, ballfields, playgrounds, fitness centers, meeting rooms and social spaces, and active or passive recreation areas, in the proposed development, may receive a density bonus beyond what is permitted by the base figure calculation. The Planning Board will consider permitting a density bonus based on suitable site conditions. A density bonus may be permitted as indicated below:
 - (1) Where the development parcel incorporates, senior housing established and maintained in compliance with HUD/NHHFA guidelines up to a 25% increase in unit count.
 - (2) Where the development parcel incorporates affordable housing in compliance with HUD/NHHFA up to a 25% increase in unit count.
 - (3) Where 40% or more of the development parcel is set aside for Designated Open Space up to a 15% increase in unit count.
 - (4) Where the proposed development includes a combination of senior or affordable dwelling units, and a minimum of 40% Designated Open Space (area of parcel permanently protected from future development), up to a 30% increase in unit count.
- 19.7. SUBMISSION AND APPROVAL PROCEDURES An application under this Section shall comply with the application and review process specified in Sections II and III of the Subdivision Regulations and Section IV of the Site Plan Review Regulations.
- 19.8 CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT Development within the CCOD shall obtain a Conditional Use Permit. The purpose and intent of a Conditional Use Permit is to provide a mechanism

to allow for modifications to standards, with the intent of providing relief where the application of a standard creates practical difficulties in allowing development to proceed.

- (a) A Conditional Use Permit shall be granted only if the Planning Board determines that the proposal conforms to all of the following Conditional Use Permit criteria (except for specific criteria that are deemed by the Planning Board to be not pertinent to the application):
 - (1) Site suitability: The site is suitable for the proposed use. This includes:
 - a. Adequate vehicular and pedestrian access for the intended use.
 - b. The availability of adequate public services to serve the intended use, including emergency services, pedestrian facilities, schools, and other municipal services.
 - c. The absence of environmental constraints (floodplain, steep slope, etc.) or development of a plan to substantially mitigate the impacts of those constraints.
 - d. The availability of appropriate utilities to serve the intended use including water, sewage disposal, stormwater management, electricity, and similar utilities.
 - (2) Preservation of natural, cultural, historic, and scenic resources: The proposed use of the site, including all related development activities, shall preserve identified natural, cultural, historic, and scenic resources on the site and shall not degrade such identified resources on abutting properties. This shall include, but not be limited to, identified wetlands, floodplains, significant wildlife habitat, stonewalls, mature tree lines, cemeteries, graveyards, designated historic buildings or sites, scenic views, and viewsheds.
 - (3) Availability of Public Services & Facilities: Adequate and lawful facilities or arrangements for sewage disposal, solid waste disposal, water supply, utilities, drainage, and other necessary public or private services, are approved or assured, to the end and that the use will be capable of proper operation. In addition, it must be determined that these services will not cause excessive demand on municipal services, including, but not limited to, water, sewer, waste disposal, police protection, fire protection, and schools.
 - (4) Net Fiscal impacts: The proposed use will not have a negative net fiscal impact on the Town unless the Planning Board determines that there are other positive community impacts that off-set the negative net fiscal aspects of the proposed use. The Planning Board's decision shall be based upon an analysis of the net fiscal impact of the project on the town. The Planning Board may commission, at the applicant's expense, an independent analysis of the net fiscal impact of the project on the town.
- (b) Conditional Use Permit approvals shall be subject to appropriate conditions where such conditions are shown to be necessary to further the objectives of this ordinance and the

Master Plan, or which would otherwise allow the general conditions of this article to be satisfied. The conditions shall, if applicable, include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) Front, side, and rear setbacks in excess of the minimum requirements of this Ordinance;
- (2) Screening of the premises from the street or adjacent property in excess of any minimum requirements of this Ordinance;
- (3) Landscaping in excess of any minimum requirements of this Ordinance;
- (4) Modification of the exterior features of buildings or other structures;
- (5) Limitations on the size of buildings and other structures more stringent than the minimum or maximum requirements of this Ordinance;
- (6) Footprint or lot coverage less than the allowed maximum of this Ordinance;
- (7) Limitations on the number of occupants and methods and times of operation;
- (8) Grading of the premises for proper drainage;
- (9) Regulation of design of access drives, sidewalks, crosswalks, and other traffic features;
- (10) Off-street parking and loading spaces in excess of, or less than, the minimum requirements of this Ordinance; and
- (11) Other performance standards as appropriate.

19.9 DESIGNATED OPEN SPACE

- (a) <u>Area of Designated Open Space.</u> No more than fifty percent (50%) of the designated open space may consist of wetlands or water bodies. The Planning Board may authorize a reduction in the area of the designated open space by Conditional Use Permit issued pursuant to Section 19.8.
- (b) <u>Areas Excluded from the Calculation of the Required Area of Designated Open Space.</u> Portions of the parcel that comprise part of an individual house lot, roadway, driveway, access road, roadway right-of-way, existing utility easement (e.g., power line easement), other new or existing right-of-way, buffer between any new structure and an existing right-of-way, or that are less than 100 feet wide shall not count toward the calculation of the designated open space.

- (c) <u>Areas Included in Designated Open Space.</u> When evaluating a proposal for a density bonus, the Planning Board shall consider areas or features including but not limited to the following:
 - Riparian areas, wetlands, streams, and other water resources and buffers for those resources;
 - (2) Critical or high-quality habitat areas, including areas identified as the highest statewide or eco-region importance by the NH Fish and Game's Wildlife Action Plan, and buffers or supporting landscapes to these areas;
 - (3) Significant stands of trees or significant individual trees;
 - (4) High-quality soil resources (forest or agricultural soils);
 - (5) Cultural and historic resources (e.g., stone walls, historic structures);
 - (6) Existing trails;
 - (7) Areas that connect to undeveloped open space on adjacent properties;
 - (8) Ridgelines, particularly those that continue through the parcel;
 - (9) Viewshed areas; and
 - (10) Water supply protection areas.
- (d) <u>Design Standards for Designated Open Space</u>. The location and layout of the open space shall conform to the standards and process set forth in the Subdivision Regulations.
- (e) <u>Allowable Uses in Designated Open Space</u> Any use of the designated open space is subject to approval of the Planning Board and shall demonstrate that such uses shall not negatively impact the natural and/or cultural amenities.
 - (1) The following uses generally are permitted in the designated open space, unless specifically prohibited or restricted as a condition of approval for the purposes of protecting important natural features or characteristics of the parcel:
 - (a) Forest management;
 - (b) Agricultural cultivation; and
 - (c) Passive (non-motorized) trails and recreational uses.

- (2) Up to fifteen percent (15%) of the designated open space may be used by Conditional Use Permit for the following:
 - (a) Agriculture involving animal husbandry;
 - (b) Active outdoor recreation uses, including formal playgrounds and fields;
 - (c) Parking areas for access to the designated open space;
 - (d) Support facilities necessary for the development including community wells, stormwater management facilities, underground utility lines and related facilities such as sewer pump stations; and
 - (e) Individual or group wells and/or transmission pipes for stormwater or wastewater disposal system, provided that this use was approved as part of the development plan and that appropriate arrangements are established and approved by the Planning Board for the maintenance and operation of these facilities.
- (f) Protection and Management of Open Space
 - (1) Area Boundaries of the designated open space shall be clearly identified:
 - (a) Boundaries shall be clearly delineated on plans including plats;
 - (b) Boundaries shall be clearly marked prior to commencing construction activities (temporary markings are acceptable, temporary fencing may be required in sensitive areas to prevent disturbance during construction); and
 - (c) Boundaries shall be clearly and permanently marked in the field with tree blazes and signage approved by the Planning Board to identify the area as protected open space.
 - (2) Prior to the sale of any lots or dwelling units, the designated open space shall be protected and controlled by one or more of the following methods, subject to Planning Board approval:
 - (a) Transfer, with permanent deed restrictions or conservation easement, to a land trust or other recognized conservation organization (subject to acceptance by the organization);
 - (b) Ownership by one or more private individuals (separately or in common) or by an association of the owners of the dwelling units within the subdivision (i.e., homeowner's association) with a conservation easement granted to the municipality and/or recognized conservation or land trust organization;

- (c) For designated open space areas of 30 acres or less, ownership by one or more private individuals (separately or in common) or by an association of the owners of the dwelling units within the subdivision (i.e., homeowner's association) with a deed restriction on the Designated Open Space that is enforceable by any land owner within the association, any owner of a separate land parcel adjacent to the open space, or the municipality; or
- (d) Transfer to the municipality as open space, with permanent deed restrictions or conservation easement (subject to acceptance by the municipality).
- (3) Said deed restrictions and/or conservation easement documents shall be placed on file with the Town Clerk upon receipt of Planning Board approval and duly recorded at the County Registry of Deeds. Such documents shall clearly indicate whether the property is open to all residents of the municipality or open only to residents of the development.
- (4) A management plan for the designated open space and facilities shall be prepared and approved by the Planning Board, which includes the following:
 - (a) Identifies the entity assuming responsibility for stewardship and management of the designated open space, including regular inspections to confirm continued compliance with the terms of the approval and conservation easement or deed restrictions;
 - (b) Includes detailed standards and schedules for maintenance of the designated open space, including maintenance of vegetation;
 - (c) Allows for municipal maintenance in the event that the maintenance specified under the agreement is not completed and recovery of costs incurred from the designated management entity or the owners of the designated open space within the development; and
 - (d) Provides that any amendments to the plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Planning Board.
- (5) For properties containing designated open space protected under a conservation easement to be held and enforced by the town or a third-party, a one-time stewardship fee, as determined by the town or third-party easement holder, shall be collected and provided to the town or third-party to be held in a separate trust account and used to support the monitoring and enforcement of the conservation easement.

19.10 PHASED DEVELOPMENT The review and approval procedure for phased developments shall be as follows:

- (a) For purposes of these Regulations, "phased development" shall mean a project which the applicant intends to construct in phases over a period of time. Phased development may also include a project for which the Planning Board has imposed a phasing requirement pursuant to Section XIII of the Zoning Ordinance, or otherwise, in order to mitigate the impact of a development on community facilities, services, or utilities.
- (b) Where development of the site will be phased, the following information, in addition to the requirements of Section XIII, shall be provided:
 - (1) The methods to be used during construction to control erosion and sedimentation through use of sediment basins, mulching, matting, temporary vegetation, or covering of soil stockpiles;
 - (2) The approximate size and location of portion(s) of the parcel to be cleared at any given time and length of time of exposure;
 - (3) The required public improvements, if any, and how such improvements to be integrated into the phased construction; and
 - (4) The proposed total period of time over which full build-out of the development shall occur.
- (c) The Planning Board may waive and/or modify the phasing schedule, after considering the totality of the circumstances, including but not limited to the following factors.
 - (1) The extent to which review of the development in its totality is logical and reasonable due to the degree to which the proposed phases are well integrated, both as to their use and development scheme, and as to common infrastructure and other improvements;
 - (2) The extent to which phasing will benefit the Town by mitigating and making more predictable the impacts of the complete development upon community facilities, services, utilities and other Town goals as set forth in the Master Plan;
 - (3) The degree to which the integration of the phases, as described above, would make private investment in such improvements unlikely;
 - (4) The extent to which the proposed phasing schedule represents a realistic timeline for active and substantial development progressing at a steady pace, in light of the type and complexity of the project as a whole; and
 - (5) The total length of time proposed, and the degree of unpredictability or Board uncertainty involved, with respect to whether a later phase or phases will continue to meet current regulations, at the time of construction, and in light of potential

changed conditions which might occur in the meantime within the neighborhood or the Town as a whole.

- (d) If the development is proceeding in accordance with the approved phasing schedule, the later phase(s) shall normally be presumed to be "vested" against changes in the Town's land use ordinances and regulations, except as otherwise specified by the Board as part of its approval. However, the Planning Director may determine that, due to specific circumstances, including but not limited to non- compliance with applicable regulations or conditions of approval, a later phase or phases should not be considered "vested" under RSA 674:39 or the New Hampshire common law of vested rights. In such a case, the Planning Director may forward to the Planning Board a recommendation to initiate proceedings, using the procedures of RSA 676:4-a as applicable, to revoke approval of an unbuilt phase or phases.
- (e) If the applicant anticipates being unable to meet any time deadline(s) set forth in the approved phasing schedule with respect to any phase, he or she may apply to the Planning Board for an extension of up to two years for the particular phase. The request for an extension shall be submitted prior to the expiration of the deadline(s) involved.
- (f) If the applicant fails to meet any such deadline or extension thereof, then the approval of that phase and all subsequent phases shall be considered void, and such phase(s) shall no longer be presumed "vested." However, the applicant may resubmit the application for such phase(s) to the Planning Board for further review and reapproval in light of changes in ordinances, regulations, or other material circumstances which have occurred in the Town since the original approval.
- 19.11 DETERMINATION OF POTENTIAL REGIONAL IMPACT Upon receipt of an application for development, the Planning Board shall review the application and determine whether or not the development, if approved, reasonably could be construed as having the potential for regional impact, pursuant to RSA 36:54, et seq. The Planning Board may, in its discretion, determine that any project has the potential for regional impact, whether or not the project meets or exceeds the criteria in RSA 36:54, et seq.
- <u>19.12 STREETS AND UTILITIES</u> The installation of streets and utilities shall comply with applicable sections found elsewhere in this ordinance and requirements specified in the Subdivision Regulations, including the posting of bonds.
- 19.13. SEQUENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS The provisions of this ordinance shall apply to the sequenced development of a parent parcel over time through separate successive applications. When a subdivision is proposed that involves part of a larger parcel or includes lots that are capable of further subdivision, the planning board may require that a site inventory and a conceptual (non-binding) long-range plan be submitted for the entire parcel and for use in evaluating the proposed subdivision.

19.14 LEGAL REVIEW Prior to final approval by the Planning Board, the applicant shall submit for review by the town counsel any restrictive covenants, condominium or cooperative agreements, conservation easement, deed restrictions, or other legal agreements proposed for use in the conservation subdivision. The town counsel shall advise the Planning Board of the adequacy of such legal provisions. The applicant shall pay all associated costs of the legal review.